

Community Resilience Initiative: The Hard Truths You Need To Know Consumer Fact Sheet

People with disabilities are 2 - 4 times more likely than people without disabilities to die or be injured in a disaster.¹

During disasters:

- People without previous disabilities may acquire disabilities
- People with pre-existing disabilities may acquire new disabilities and pre-existing disabilities may become more significant
- It is unknown what disabilities are likely to occur months/years after COVID-19

Why are disabled people more likely to die or be injured due to COVID-19?:

- Left behind not included in policy and planning
- Lack of equal access to disaster services
- Institutional bias

Institutional bias: the idea that people with disabilities are better cared for in facilities rather than in their own homes in the community with services and supports.

- Being institutionalized already (in nursing facilities, group homes, assisted living, physiatric facilities, etc.)
- Becoming institutionalized
- Society facilitating institutionalization

56 percent of all COVID-19 deaths in Washington were tied to a long-term care facility²

Personal Preparedness has Limitations:

- Personal preparedness must be accompanied by systemic planning by local, county, state, tribal, and federal government
- Government planning should assume people with disabilities have not done personal planning.
- It's not individuals' obligation to prepare it's the government's responsibility to plan with, and for, to keep community members safe and respond to disasters

¹ https://www.un.org/development/desa/disabilities/issues/whs.html

 $^{^2 \ \}underline{\text{https://komonews.com/news/coronavirus/new-state-report-says-over-half-of-washingtons-covid-19-deaths-tied-to-nursing-homes} \\$



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Systemic Barriers to Personal Preparedness:

- Economic / Financial
- Privilege
- Access to health care
- Access to health maintenance
- Transportation

Access to Disaster-Related Services/Civil Rights Protection:

Federal/state government still retain their legal obligations

Lack of Planning Leads to Lack of Equal Access During Disasters:

- Current disaster planning efforts are not inclusive
- Notifications may not:
 - Be accessible for people that are Deaf / Hard of Hearing / Deafblind
 - Provide real-time captioning and/or sign language on-screen during notification and press conferences
- Shelters may not:
 - Be physically accessible (i.e. entrance, bathroom, showers, dining area)
 - Have a plan to provide equally effective communication for Deaf / Hard of Hearing / Deafblind / people with visual disabilities
 - o Admit service animals
 - Have quiet areas
- Distribution points:
 - People with disabilities not having access to transportation

The Hard Truth: What Not to Expect/Assume

- Don't expect to be rescued!
- Although the federal government says they prioritize rescuing people with disabilities during disasters - it is often not what happens in the middle of a crisis
 - Example: Rooted in Rights Right To Be Rescued video
 - Although the federal government provides Individual Assistance in disasters, it's limited.
- Don't expect full reimbursement from the government.

www.disasterstrategies.org